

EVENING BULLETIN.

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 4, 1887.

CALIFORNIA JOTTINGS.—Dr. Lanzweert, a chemist of San Francisco, recently subdued a large and vigorous rattlesnake, having eight rattles, by means of electricity. After a chemico-electric salutation, he took the reptile from a box, held him in his hands, and showed his poisonous fangs. The doctor allowed the snake to creep up his arm and neck.

There are sixty-one thousand Indians in California, ten thousand of whom are collected on reservations.

A discovery of an earth-like chrome yellow was made some three years ago near Diamond Springs, El Dorado county, which is expected to prove an excellent paint. At that time a house was painted with the substance, the color of which is yet good. Tons of the stuff can be procured at a slight cost.

An old Mormon soldier in Carson Valley is the father of seven children, the oldest of whom is four years of age. He is the husband, however, of four women.

The Mexican population of Stockton celebrated St. John's Day by equestrian exercises, the chief sport consisting in burying a rooster in the earth, with the exception of the head, which was left out. They then rode at full speed past the poor fowl, each endeavoring to catch the rooster's head by leaning over almost to the ground while passing. The feat requires great dexterity, as well as training on the part of the horse. The successful sportsman, after jerking the fowl from its premature burial place, commenced "slashing about," beating every one within his reach with his trophy, until it was wrested from him by another, who continued the same "sport," and the unfortunate fowl was soon torn to pieces. The beating received in this pastime is received in the best possible humor, and each horseman exerts himself to the utmost that he may be the first to get possession of the rooster.

A letter from Col. Bonneville, in command of the Gila expedition, says that there is being developed one of the most beautiful, fertile and healthy regions of our country, and that in all places it furnishes evidence of a former numerous people, more civilized and industrious, and no doubt more docile than the wandering Apache who now desolates it. Our efforts constantly at the heels of these Apaches forces them further West, crowding them upon more Western nations, who report their mountains inundated with new faces, who are forcing their way with rifle and revolver.

GENERAL WALKER.—In reference to the rumored intention of Gen. Walker to return to Nicaragua, the Washington States says: "If General Walker leaves this country again for Nicaragua, he will do so without any violation of our neutrality laws; nor will he, in our humble opinion, pursue any course calculated to involve this government in difficulties."

[From the Washington Union.]

ALLEGED CURE FOR SMALLPOX.—The consul of the United States at Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, has transmitted to the Department of State a very interesting communication from Dr. R. Landell, of Port Alegre, claiming the discovery of a cure for the smallpox. Dr. Landell states that the idea of using the remedy he mentioned first occurred to him during a terrible epidemic of this disease in 1857, but that he first administered it in 1872, since which time his success, and that of his son, Dr. John Landell, and other colleagues in the treatment of smallpox, have been most flattering. As the Secretary of State has communicated Dr. Landell's paper entire to the leading journal of the medical profession in the United States, it is only necessary for our purpose to extract that portion of the paper which discloses the remedy and its proper exhibition.

"Dissolve the vaccine that is contained on a pair of plates or a capillary tube, which is about four or six drops of vaccine lymph, in 4 or 6 ounces of cold water, and give to the patient a table spoonful every two or three hours.

"The favorable result of this exhibition is that it mitigates the symptoms, modifies the species, and cures the small pox.

"I recognize that as vaccine applied externally prevents the small pox, so, also, being taken inwardly, in the manner above indicated, it cures it quickly and efficaciously the small pox in all its stages.

"Under its use, the fever, the delirium, the hoarseness, diarrhoea, pneumonia, cerebral congestion, and finally, the secondary fever disappear.

"Beginning the treatment on the second or third day of the eruption the smallpox becomes as varicella or varioloid; although the epidermis is thickened and in a state of congestion, and in five days becomes dry without suppuration.

"Apply the same treatment on the fourth or fifth day of the eruption, the smallpox become as if they were the true vaccine; fill and dry in the space of ten days with suppuration.

"Considering, then, that the vesicles and pustules ought to be opened, for two or three times, always that they contain any liquid, and beginning the third day to prevent the secondary fever. I have had since 1842 more than thirty cases, and in fourteen paid particular attention; there were three severe confluent cases, and eleven less severe, although almost all cured.

"Since I had recourse to this treatment I have not lost a single patient of the small-pox. At my request some of my colleagues are using this system, and they, as well as I, have reaped the most flattering results.

"These effects are superior to my expectation, and even to my comprehension; in fact, the vaccine neutralizes the variolous virus, or one morbid action destroys the effects of another. By this treatment I have seen disappear the fever, delirium, hoarseness, diarrhoea, pneumonia, cerebral congestion, and the secondary fever.

"It may be mentioned here that the use of emollient clisters or castor oil internally, to keep the bowels open, and in children calomel, is very necessary, as also gargles of nitrate of silver and chloruret of lime.

"And after the fifth day give baths of warm water, with a little chloruret of lime, or chloruret of soda, or sponge the body.

"Also have given vaccine inwardly as a therapeutic remedy in whooping cough, and with benefit; in some cases the whoop or convulsive cough disappeared in ten hours, remaining only a simple cough, which extinguishes in four or twelve days."

An Incident of Balaklava.—When the light brigade was preparing for action, the butcher of the 17th lancers, who had just been performing his office, slaughtering sheep and oxen, made his appearance in the field, without coat or waistcoat, his shirt sleeves rolled up, and his arms and face smeared with blood—a grotesque and terrible figure. He mounted a powerful charger and rode up to his troop. He had no business there, but the prospect of a bloody fray was too strong to be resisted. He seized two sabres, deliberately examined the temper and edges of the blades, selected the sharpest, and threw the other aside. He then with equal coolness took out a short black pipe, charged it, lighted it, placed it in his mouth, and settling himself in the saddle, rode with the "six hundred" into the Valley of the Shadow of Death. This man was seen among the Russian batteries, sabering the gunners right and left, slaying with his own hands at least six of the enemy, cutting his way in the retreat through the swarms of Russian cavalry which vainly sought to intercept the remnant of the gallant band, and wonderful to relate, he rode back, still smoking his pipe as coolly as if nothing had happened, without having received a single scratch.

Dublin Freeman's Journal.

TROUBLE BETWEEN RAFTMEN AND THE STEAMER GALENA.—The Galena Advertiser of a late date has the following particulars of the late difficulty between the steamer Galena and some raftmen, which it obtained from Mr. Vinden, clerk of the steamer Northern Belle:

When the Galena landed at Reed's Landing on Tuesday last, two raftmen who had not paid for their passage started to go ashore. Mr. Holliday, clerk of the steamer, requested payment; they refused, and when he again demanded their fare, one of them struck at him with a slingshot, which fortunately missed him. The captain, who had witnessed the scene, informed them they had better pay their fare and prevent trouble. After some words, one of them struck at Capt. Laughton with the slingshot, which he dodged, and then knocked the man off from the gangway into the river. The man scrambled out and ran up into the town, and was pursued, but secreted himself. The crew then proceeded to discharge the freight on board of Reed's Landing, and while doing so a number of raftmen, who had been collected, marched down to the levee and commenced an attack upon the crew and the boat with rocks and other missiles.

A general melee ensued, in which passengers took an active part. Capt. Laughton was considerably hurt by a stone striking him in the chest. Some of the passengers had firearms and used them freely, and wounded two of the raftmen. Another was struck on the head with a rock and dangerously wounded. They were finally beaten off, but when the boat shoved off from the shore they rallied again and fired some shots into the steamer, doing, however, but little damage. No one on board the boat was seriously injured in the melee. The raftmen, when the Northern Belle came down, were making preparations to renew their attack upon the steamer, and the Galena's several rats had been stopped and their crews detained to take part in the affray. They had endeavored to obtain a cannon from North Pekin, but it was refused them. The people of Washaw and the best citizens of Reed's Landing, together with the Sheriff of the county, were determined to sustain Capt. Laughton, whom they exculpated from blame in the matter.

DREADFUL OCCURRENCE.—A Boy eaten up by a Bear almost within the City Limits.—We have succeeded with some difficulty in learning the particulars of a shocking occurrence which took place on a boy, eleven years old, who was actually eaten alive by a bear, within sight of the city. The circumstances of the case are as follows: A man named Joseph Rademacher, a German, living on Macomb street, between Rivard and Russell, went out on Tuesday morning, in company with a little brother, to pick raspberries. They carried their dinners with them and went some five or six miles out, before commencing their day's work. Rademacher deposited his dinner basket and coat on the ground, and employed himself for some time in picking berries, when, his attention being attracted by a noise, he looked around, and, to his intense astonishment, saw a large bear, accompanied by three cubs, engaged in devouring his dinner. It was but the work of a moment to drop his basket of berries, and hurry, with his younger brother, away from the spot. He saw two boys not far from him when he left the spot, but said nothing to them. Before himself and brother had got a safe distance, they heard terrible screams in the distance, which induced them to turn back to see what was the matter. They found the scene of the disaster, accompanied by Rademacher and the father of the unfortunate boy. A long search resulted in finding the remains of the boy, the bear having eaten up about half of the corpse and buried the remainder for a future meal. Remnants of his clothes were found scattered around, together with Rademacher's coat, torn to pieces.—Detroit Free Press.

HOW THEY MARRY AND LIVE.—A young man meets a pretty girl, falls in love with it, courts it, marries it, goes to housekeeping with it, and boasts of having a home and a wife to grace it. The chances are nine to one that he has neither. Her pretty face gets to be an old story or becomes faded or freckled or fretted; and as the face was all he wanted, all he paid attention to, all he sat up with, all he bargained for, all he swore to love, honor, and protect, he gets sick of his trade, knows a dozen faces which he likes better, gives up staying at home evenings, consoles himself with cigars, oysters, and politics, and looks upon his home as a very indifferent boarding-house. A family of children grow up about him, but neither he nor they know anything about training them, so they come up belter-skelter; made toys of when babies, dolls when boys and girls, drudges when young men and women; and so passes year after year, and not one quiet, happy, homely hour is known throughout the entire household.

Another young man becomes enamored of a "fortune." He waits upon it to parties, exchanges *l'air de coeur* with it, pops the question to it, gets "yes" from it, takes it to the altar, and calls it his "wife," carries it home, sets up an establishment with it, introduces it to his friends, and says—poor fellow!—that he, too, is married and has got a home. It's false. He is not married, and has no home; and he soon finds it out. He is in the wrong box, but it is too late to get out of it. He might as well hope to escape from his coffin. Friends congratulate him, and he has to grin and bear it. They praise the house, the furniture, the cradle, the Bible, the new baby, and then bid the "fortune" and he who husbanded it good morning! as if he had known a good morning since he and that gilded fortune were falsely declared to be one.

Take another case. A young lady is smitten with a pair of whiskers. Curled hair never before had such charms. She sets her cap for them; they take. The delighted whiskers make an offer, proffering themselves both in exchange for one heart. The dear miss is overcome with magnanimity, closes the bargain, carries home the prize, shows it to pa and ma, calls herself engaged to it, thinks there never was such a pair of whiskers before, and they are married. Married? Yes, the world calls it so, and we'll think it so. What is a short honeymoon, and then they unluckily discover that they are as unlike as chalk and cheese, and not to be made one, though all the preachers in Christendom pronounce it so.—New Haven Palladium.

CARRYING A VERDICT BY STRATAGEM.—The following plan is stated to have been pursued by some officials at the late Worcester sessions (England) to hasten the decision of a refractory jury, who were locked up to consider the verdict. It was past supper time, and the court officials had no wish to pass the night in waiting upon the twelve good men who were so excessively conscientious. A large dish of beefsteaks, fried onions, giving off a body of aroma sufficient to fill the largest hall in England, was brought into the passage close to the door of the unhappy jurymen's prison. The bailiff, who wished the "standouts" at Jericho, opened the door; the cover was taken off the dish; the aroma of the steaks and onions floated in; it invaded and pervaded every square inch of the Black Hole, and the jurymen were violently affected. More mortal Englishmen would not long stand out against such a remembrance of supper. A second opening of the door and an advancement of the dish enabled the jury to find a verdict.

NEW ENTERPRISE.—We are credibly informed that a number of gentlemen of this town are about to purchase a ship to be engaged in the capture of the "sea elephant," to sail under the command of Capt. Israel Morey, late of the barque Phoenix, of this port. These animals average from one to two barrels of oil apiece, and are found in the largest numbers, we believe, on the Desolation Islands. This business has been successfully prosecuted by New London people, and we trust will prove equally profitable to Nantucket capitalists. A ship sailing in this business is accompanied by a schooner, as a tender, it being necessary to go nearer the shore than would be safe for a large vessel. The method of capturing is similar to that of the seal.

Nantucket Inquirer.

[From the Indianapolis Sentinel of August 3.]

Arrest of a Gang of Dealers in Counterfeit Bank Notes and Bawdy in Rush, Henry, Bartholomew, Decatur, and Delaware counties.

The statements we gave in our paper of Saturday, taken from the Lafayette Courier and Cincinnati Commercial, in reference to the discovery and arrest of a number of men in the above-named counties in this State, who have hitherto occupied respectable positions in society, for the crime of dealing in and passing counterfeit bank notes and bogus coin, are, in the main, true. Some of the citizens of Henry and Rush counties, who had occasion to suspect that those operations were going on in their midst, secured the services of Mr. William Reany, of Cincinnati, an accomplished detective police officer, to fix the crime and arrest the guilty parties in these nefarious transactions. Before the arrest he was engaged about three weeks, with the aid of a young man brought with him from Cincinnati as a decoy, in securing the information necessary to convict the arrested parties. Enough information has been developed to make it certain that there is an extensive and well organized association throughout this State, Ohio, and Kentucky, composed of men who stand fair, who are engaged in the selling and passing of counterfeit and bogus currency. When it was known that the arrests were made, several citizens of Rush and Henry counties suddenly found business in Morgan county and left, and one physician informed his wife that he was compelled to go to "mill," but has not been heard from since his departure. The officers are continuing their search for the guilty parties, with fair prospects of making other arrests. One individual left his luggage at the Galt House, in this city, to be called for, but has not yet thought it best to return for it.

The first individual arrested was Dr. Patterson, of Carthage, Rush county, who has had an extensive practice in that section of the country. He is represented as a man of about 48 years of age, malicious and dangerous, and has been in the habit of carrying revolvers and bowie-knives for the purpose of intimidation. He admitted, after his arrest, that this State, Ohio, and Kentucky, composed of men who stand fair, who are engaged in the selling and passing of counterfeit and bogus currency. When it was known that the arrests were made, several citizens of Rush and Henry counties suddenly found business in Morgan county and left, and one physician informed his wife that he was compelled to go to "mill," but has not been heard from since his departure. The officers are continuing their search for the guilty parties, with fair prospects of making other arrests. One individual left his luggage at the Galt House, in this city, to be called for, but has not yet thought it best to return for it.

The doctor was examined before a justice of the peace in Rushville, recognized in the sum of \$3,000, and committed in default of bail.

The next person arrested was Dr. Rogers, of Knightstown, a man with a large family and respectfully connected. He has no business, but represents himself as a sporting gentleman. He had, also, been engaged in selling counterfeit bank notes in Virginia. In searching him they found a \$10 new counterfeit bill on the Hatters' Bank, Conn. He was secured by the officers.

The next one arrested was Perry Bennett, of St. Omar, who has been a terror of the country. He had knocked down a sheriff when about to arrest him, and was under indictment for assault and battery with intent to kill the sheriff of the county, but county officers were afraid to arrest him. He is also a fugitive from justice from Illinois. He was arrested by Mr. Reany and his posse, and \$20 in new counterfeit bills on the Reading Bank, Penn., was found upon him. He was taken to Rushville and committed for having counterfeit money in his possession, and on the indictment pending against him.

Dr. Lewis Frazee was arrested in Jonesville, Bartholomew county. When the Dr. was arrested, he attempted to conceal a quantity of bogus half dollars behind a log. He acknowledged his connection with the gang, but said that he had been drawn into it by Patterson. He was handed over to U. S. Commissioner Orr. In this city, who committed him in default of \$2,000 bail. Dr. Frazee has undoubtedly been seduced into these operations by designing men. Correspondence as to dealing with the gang was found upon him.

Dr. Allen Robinson was next arrested at Muncietown, a man near 60 years of age. He has before been arrested for dealing in counterfeit bank notes, but turning State's evidence was discharged. On his person and in a bureau drawer in his house were found counterfeit coin and bank notes from ten cents to one dollar. The following is a description of the bank notes: One Western Bank, Virginia, denomination \$10—some new and others soiled for circulation; State Bank of Indiana \$10's; Northern Bank, Kentucky, \$10's; Bank of Corning, N. Y., \$10's; Ohio State Bank \$5's; Mercantile Bank, Hartford, Conn., \$5's; Exchange Bank, Hartford, \$1's; Farmers' Bank, Indiana, \$10's; North Carolina Bank \$50's. Three bogus half dollars were found in his office, beside a galvanic battery, just prepared for circulation. Counterfeit dimes and also spurious gold dollars were discovered about his premises. The whole amount found was \$743 70. This man was taken before the U. S. Commissioner at Rushville and committed in default of \$2,000 bail.

Crucibles for melting were found at Dr. Robinson's, but no dies. A lot of new cents, of the late issue, were found in his possession, which were undoubtedly intended to be used for making the composition for counterfeit coin. Mr. Reany says that new counterfeit bills were put in circulation the same day in Rush, Henry, Decatur, and Bartholomew counties that they were in the hands of Indiana, thus proving the extent of the organization, and the perfect understanding the members of the gang had with each other.

These developments in crime, in connection with others through various portions of the country, are astounding.

[Special dispatch to the New York Daily Times.]

WASHINGTON, July 31, 1887.

There are four principal subjects of controversy with New Granada, viz:

1. Indemnity for the injury done to our citizens in the Panama riot of April, 1886.
2. The tonnage tax upon American commerce.
3. The proposed tax upon correspondence crossing to the isthmus; and
4. The security of the railroad transit.

Nothing definite has been settled between General Herran and General Cass except in regard to the matter of indemnity, upon which point a basis of arrangement has been agreed to. The second and third points are still under discussion.

The fourth and most difficult question of all, has not yet been especially dealt with—indeed, it can scarcely be said to have been yet under discussion. The cessation of a portion of the isthmus to the United States is looked upon as desirable in many respects—but constitutional questions arise here, as to the power of the United States to acquire any sort of control over it, unless it is to be acquired with a view to admission as a State into the Union. These are difficulties which does not seem to have presented themselves at all to the late Administration, but are urged with a good deal of earnestness by some at this time.

It is impossible to foreshadow the result of the negotiation, for the President himself has not yet determined upon the proper course to be pursued; but, in any event, the subject will not be disposed of so speedily as many seem to have anticipated.

WHITE TEETH, PERFUMED BREATH, AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION.—can be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when the use of "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" as a dentifrice, would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed FETTRIDGE & CO., N. Y. For sale by all Druggists. J. S. Morris & Sons, Louisville, Ky. apr 21 j&b&wjeowly

NOTICE. The members of the Kentucky Mechanics' Institute are hereby notified to attend a regular meeting to be held THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING at 8 o'clock. JOHN B. DAVIES, Rec. Sec.

MRS. ELIZA FIELD'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES. WILL be resumed on the first Monday in September. A thorough course of instruction will be pursued in English and French, together with exercises in Vocal Music. The first session from September 7 to February 1, '88; second session ending 26th June, '88. Terms per session..... \$20 Do for French..... 10 No deduction for absence. a3 j&b12

Dissolution. In consequence of the death of our late partner JOHN H. OWEN, the firm of COBB, MARTIN, & CO., of Louisville, has been dissolved. The name will be signed by either of the surviving partners in liquidation only. THO. J. MARTIN, DANIEL COBB.

Louisville, Aug. 1, 1887.

Partnership. The undersigned have this day reorganized, under the name of MARTIN & CO., and will continue the business of COMMISSION MERCHANTS as heretofore. THO. J. MARTIN, DANIEL COBB.

Louisville, Aug. 1, 1887.—b&g

KENTUCKY MECHANICS' INSTITUTE. THE FIFTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION

WILL be held at the EXHIBITION HALL of the Institute, corner Fourth and Broadway, Louisville, Ky., commencing on Tuesday, the 18th of August, 1887. For such articles as the judges shall decide to be of superior merit Gold, Silver, and BRONZE MEDALS, and DIPLOMAS will be awarded; and SPECIAL PREMIUMS for the most meritorious articles offered in the Exhibition. The interest for the Mechanics, Manufacturers, and Inventors in this enterprise will be greatly augmented by the unusual facilities afforded them at this Exhibition in publishing their acknowledged skill all over the country through the thousands of strangers attracted here by the great National Agricultural Fair, which will be held near the city during the progress of our Exhibition. Contributions from all parts of the United States are cordially invited; and this is a most favorable opportunity to introduce evidence of skill in the industrial pursuits and the fine arts in the valley of the Mississippi. Our Exhibition Hall is amply large, and provided with steam power and shafting. Every facility will be afforded for the advantageous display of articles offered. Articles intended for exhibition at the National Fair may be removed for that purpose, provided notice be given at the time of entry. The Hall will be ready for the reception of goods Tuesday, Aug. 18, and opened for the reception of visitors Tuesday, Aug. 18, at 7 P. M. No article deposited after Tuesday, Aug. 18, can be entered for competition or premium, but will be received for exhibition only. Articles designed for exhibition only will be admitted free of charge. Articles sent from a distance must be carefully packed, and directed to "The Mechanics' Institute, care of Thos. McGraw, Louisville, Ky." Persons applying for space or desiring further information, apply to D. McPHERSON, Sec. Exhib. Committee, June 10 j&b1&w&j&wjd

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES. A. SUMNER, 435 Main st., Between Fifth and Sixth sts., LOUISVILLE, KY.

June 25 j&b1&w1y

PICTURES. 477 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth. HARRIS'S GALLERY. feb 12 disly may 28 bty

FINAL REDUCTION IN PRICE. GREAT BARGAINS IN BEREGES, LAWNS, &c. Martin & Penton, Formerly Robinson, Martin, & Co.

HAVE made their last reduction for the season in the price of—LAWNS; LAWN ROBES; BEREGES AND BEREGE ROBES; TRAVELING COATS OR DUSTERS; MOURNING GOODS OF ALL KINDS; A LARGE STOCK OF EMBROIDERIES, LACES, &c.; LINEN GOODS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.; STELLA AND CASHMERE SHAWLS; A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF LATEST PARIS STYLES MANTILLAS. To which we invite the special attention of the ladies. a3 j&b

Partnership. I HAVE this day associated with me in the WATCH and JEWELRY BUSINESS, Mr. J. J. LEMONT. The business will hereafter be conducted under the style of JAMES I. LEMON & CO. August 1, 1887.—j&b JAMES I. LEMON.

Fine Watches and Rich Jewelry. Late importations of the above goods make our stock very complete, comprising fine Watches from the most celebrated makers, English and French, and Jewelry of the richest styles in sets and single pieces. a1 j&b JAMES I. LEMON & CO.

THE FORTUNES OF GLENCORE. A Novel, by Charles Lever, author of "Charles O'Malley," "The Martins of Cro' Martin," "The Daltons," "The Didd Family Abroad," "Sir Jasper Carew," &c. 8vo, paper, 50 cents. VIRGINIA ILLUSTRATED: containing a Visit to the Virginia Coast, and the Adventures of Horace Crayon and his Cousins. Illustrated from Drawings by Fort Crayon. 8vo, muslin, 25 cts; half cloth \$3 50; half cloth extra, gilt, \$4. VILLAS AND COTTAGES: A Series of Designs Prepared for Execution in the United States, by Calvert Vaux, Archt. (late Downing & Vaux), Newburgh on the Hudson. 4to, of 24 plates, complete as an album, 8vo, muslin, \$2. For sale by j&b2 j&b C. HAGAN & CO.

Grand and Parlor Grand Pianos. TRIPP & CRAGG, 109 Fourth street. Will receive, in a few days, a Grand and Parlor Grand Piano from Chickering & Co., Boston, Mass.—the only successful manufacturers of this class of instrument in this country—designed and finished expressly for exhibition at the coming Fair, and for sale at a low price. Parties contemplating the purchase of a Grand Piano are respectfully advised to await the arrival of these superb instruments. j&b2 j&b TRIPP & CRAGG, 109 Fourth st.

COLLECTOR'S BOOK. BILL, NOTE, AND LETTER HOLDER.—The above unique and very practical invention will supply a deficiency long felt in the counting-room and among all classes of business men. It consists of a series of pockets, in alphabetical order, so arranged as to spread out like a fan, and exhibit at one view the who series. When closed it presents the form of a neat compact book, well protected by strong handsome covers, and of such limited compass as to be easily carried in the pocket or laid in a pigeon-hole of a desk. It is complete as an arrangement cannot fail to commend itself to every business man. The sole agents for Louisville are CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth street, near Market. j&b2 j&b

GENTS' LASTING GAITERS and low-cut Calf Shoes suitable for the season at j&b2 j&b OWEN & WOOD'S.

CHEAP! CHEAP!—We have some Ladies' Brown Buckram and Half Gaiters and French Normal Hose for sale at less than cost to close them out at OWEN & WOOD'S, Shoe Emporium. j&b2 j&b

GREAT BARGAINS IN SUMMER, FANCY, AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.—We would invite the attention of ladies, especially those visiting our city in search of the latest styles of all kinds of fancy dry goods, to the stock at the house of G. B. Tabb, corner of Fourth and Market streets. In order to reduce his stock previous to making his fall purchases, he will offer from this date until the close of the season his entire stock of fancy silks, berreges, grenadine and organdy robes, silk and lace muslins, embroideries and lace goods, organdy and jaconet muslins, berreges and tissues, parasols, &c., at greatly reduced prices. His stock of the above goods cannot be excelled in point of variety, style, and elegance by that of any other southern or western-house. Ladies will find it to their interest before making their purchases to examine the goods at this house. Corner of Fourth and Market streets. June 18 j&b1&w2

NEW WHEAT FLOUR. CAWTHON'S Extra Family Flour, MADE from new wheat, and put up in barrels and sacks, for sale wholesale and retail at BROADWAY MILLS. j&b1&w2 j&b BEN. F. CAWTHON.

SUMMER GOODS. The subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has yet a large stock of BOOTS and SHOES suitable for the summer trade in store. Those wishing anything in our line will find a much better assortment at our house than is usually kept at this season, which we will sell cheap for cash. OWEN & WOOD, j&b2 j&b 405 Market st., above Third.

CHICKERING'S CELEBRATED PIANO-FORTES. TRIPP & CRAGG, SOLE AGENTS, 109 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Musical Merchandise and Publishers of Sheet Music. j&b2 j&b

James's New Novel. LEONORA D'ORCO, a Novel, by G. P. R. James, Esq. Price 50c. The Fortunes of Glencore, a Novel, by Charles Lever. Price 50c. Little Dorrit, by Charles Dickens. Price 50c. For sale by CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st., near Market. j&b2 j&b

Hand-Book of American Travel. APPLETON'S ILLUSTRATED HAND-BOOK OF AMERICAN TRAVEL: A full and reliable Guide by Railway, Steamboat, and Stage to the Cities, Towns, Water-Falls, Battle-Fields, Mountains, Rivers, Lakes, Hunting and Fishing Grounds, Watering-Places, Summer Resorts, and all scenes and objects of importance and interest in the U. S. and the British Provinces. By T. Addison Richards. With careful maps of all parts of the country and pictures of famous places and scenes from original drawings by the author and other artists. Just received and for sale by CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st., near Market. j&b2 j&b

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